

B-550

REFERENCE CARD

WW

GERMANY

AYMES, GENERAL

One of the three star French generals imprisoned in
Konigstein Fortress in Saxony; for complete list of
prisoners see document B-550.

Interview with Michel Bernheim
March 23, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

OSMANI

AYYAS ISHAKI

See Ayyas ISHAKI

CTD 9116

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

AZCARATE, General JUAN F.

Former Mexican Minister to Germany; said to be now in Berlin, though the Mexican government on Dec. 17, 1941 ordered him to close the Legation and return to Mexico; reliably reported to be "a strong German sympathizer".

ONI Confidential Serial 17-42, January 7, 1942

Approved For Release 2010/12/03 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000150004-2

B

Approved For Release 2010/12/03 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000150004-2

1
rpt May 27, 1943

GERMANY

RACH, KARL

Erziehungsorganisationsleiter / has been appointed honorary
member of the People's Court for the duration of the war /
is living in Berlin.

Berlin radio, May 27, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, May 28, 1943

0110701

OSWALD

BACHMANN, GUSTAV

rpt June 25, 1942

Writes 2 letters (condemned) to his wife and married daughter (U.S.); these letters are sent by Capt. F. KRAUSE to CH. POPKE (ARGENTINA) who is to forward them to the U.S. / Bachmann tells his wife that he spent February, March, April in Switzerland and intended to return to U.S. but was discouraged by what U.S. Consul in Basel told him about what he could expect in the U.S.; returned to Germany, has settled in Hamburg, and loves it; does not intend to return to the U.S. and has applied for German citizenship papers; says everyone in Germany is convinced of eventual victory; asks if the 2 sons are in the army and sends greetings to S.D., RUMER, the REICH, and BACHMANN (U.S.).

Ref PO 155127/42

GERMANY

rpt June 25, 1942

RACHMANN, GUSTAV

Writes 2 letters (condemned) to his wife and married daughter (U.S.); these letters are sent by Capt. F. KRAUSE to Ch. POPPE (ARGENTINA) who is to forward them to the U.S. / Rachmann tells his wife that he spent February, March, April, in Switzerland and intended to return to U.S. but was discouraged by what U.S. Consul in Basel told him about what he could expect in the U.S.; returned to Germany, has settled in Hamburg, and loves it; does not intend to return to the U.S. and has applied for German citizenship papers; says everyone in Germany is convinced of eventual victory; asks if the 2 sons are in the army and sends greetings to E.D. HUMMER, the REIGS, and RACHMANN (U.S.).

RAF PO 155137/42

0 1977

SECRET

1st Division 5, 1942

RECONSTRUCTION, SHOULD

Of firm by that name in Harlowchurch 1, Pa. which has
been exporting strings for musical instruments to Tokyo.

Available source, November 5, 1942
GWS Washington, January 12, 1943

December 1, 1942

GERMANY

BACHR, Major General

**His promotion to Major General
effective December 1, 1942.**

**Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung
State Department Plain Cable, Bern, December 8, 1942**

116981

0-2417

rpt January 5, 1943

GERMANY

FACHRI

100 BAHRI

110981

11196

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

EACKE

Darré's (q.v.) Secretary of State for years, in which capacity he actually ran the Food Ministry; has now replaced Darré as Chief of Food Ministry; known as a supporter of big estates because he believes they can deliver more food stuffs; because he has been kinder to large growers, and has made some smaller ones go out of business, peasants consider him reactionary; universally recognized as a man of action, a tough and able administrator.

Julius - Wilson (Putlitz) - Sept. 24, 1942
June 28, 1942, date of report

(90)

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

BACKE

Recently made extensive statement about food situation: grain harvest is smaller than expected and demands on it are greater because of increases in army, war prisoners, and to 6,000,000 foreign workers; there is also a fodder shortage about which authorities can do nothing, so farmers must use substitutes; cannot expect much produce from conquered districts during first year of occupation; German farmers were sent into Ukraine but what little they have produced must be preserved for army; farmers are called upon for ever greater sacrifice and effort.

Goeteborgs Posten, Sweden, October 3, 1942

British Overseas Press Summaries #69

Press Survey

(90)

11679-209

GERMANY

rpt February 1941

BACKE

Did not get along well with Dr. Hermann REISCHL? (q.v.).

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, February 8, 1943
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

11679

12098

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

(GERMANY)

BACKE

New nutrition dictator; like so many recent appointees to high positions, is an SS man; this is consistent with **HITLER's** and **BORMANN's** policy to fill all possible jobs with SS men.

"Hitler's Generals" by Dr. Rudolph Katz
(SS, New York, Osborne - Hoover, Oct. 29, 1942)

(90)

CD 9527

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

BACKE

See ITALY, PARESCHI

State Dept., Plain Cable #6354, London, Nov. 11, 1942
(notes from MEW on Economic Intelligence)

(90)

0-3618

8.1

January 29, 1943

GERMANY

BACKE.

Called meeting of Food Ministry in Berlin on January 29, 1943, which was attended by such agricultural leaders as Gustav BEHRENS, Landesbauernführer KÖRNER, Ministerialdirektor MORITZ / had been asked by Hitler if, in spite of losses to Russia, the remaining agricultural regions in the East could insure German food supply; Backe told Ministry that the East could supply the food if Hitler agreed to his request for more workers, machines and communications in that area, and gave him jurisdiction instead of ROSENBERG / Körner and Behrens agreed with Backe, but only because they wished to be rid of Rosenberg; Moritz strongly opposed Backe's view because of impracticability of his demands; Backe decided to postpone his reply to Hitler until Eastern Front was stabilised / told Ministry Hitler plans to build an East Wall similar to the West Wall.

Well-placed source, B, Istanbul, March 1, 1943

RR

P

GERMANY

rpt February 1943

WACKER, HERBERT

Food Minister / born Ratum, Russia, May 1, 1896; student Russian gymnasium, Tiflis, and University of Göttingen / Assistant instructor, College of Technology, Hanover, 1923-24; Russian prisoner of war, 1914-18; farmer Alfeld district, Hanover, 1928 / president district country alliance, Alfeld, 1931; appointed state secretary of food and agriculture, October 1933; food minister of Germany, 1942; specializes in agricultural political economy and as adviser of economic problems / member Peasants Council, German Reich.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, February 1943

(11000)

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

February 6, 1943

BACKE, HERBERT

Food Administrator / on Feb. 5,6, 1943, met with provincial Nazi leaders and high Nazi officials in order to organize Germany for total war; others present were: GOEBBELS, LEY, SAUCKEL and SPHER.

AP Dispatch from London, February 7, 1943
New York Times, February 8, 1943

CHEMANT

rpt April 2, 1943

BACHENGLER, Admiral

Has recently been promoted from vice admiral.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1943
Press Survey

21099

2

GERMANY

rpt June 24, 1943

MÜCKE, Dr.

Recently wrote a report in 'Fortschritt der Medizin', in which he said that German physicians have developed a cure for hernia which can be brought about by injections.

Berlin, radio, June 24, 1943

FCC, Daily Report, June 25, 1943

(11098)

F

GERMANY

rpt April 2, 1945

MADE, Maj. Gen. HANS ALBRECHT

Has recently been promoted from colonel.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1945
Press Survey

(11098)

11/79-212

GERMANY

rpt February 1941

MADE, WILFRED

In book section of Propaganda Ministry / relatively young; had been a Hitler Youth; vicious mind / he and his pretty blonde wife (q.v.) seemed like idealistic Nordics before Nazi assumed power / was in charge of Foreign Press for a while under the late Press Chief BERNER; lack of foreign languages handicapped him so he was soon removed to 'cultural branch' of Propaganda Ministry and became one of those who decided what books could be printed in Germany; also wrote number of books himself and was charged with stealing material for one of these / one of his jobs was to win foreign authors to Nazi cause; did this through German legations and by buying manuscripts and paying generous royalties; cultivated French (among them Andre GIDE, MALE (FRANCE)), Polish, Balkan, and especially South American and Spanish authors.

NY: New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 29, 1941

(over)

(Source left Germany in February 1941)

1119-222

GERMANY

rpt February 1941

NAME, Frau WILHELM

Pretty blonde wife of head of book section of Propaganda Ministry / did not seem as Nazi as her husband / they bought a small house in a distant suburb and she spent most of her time there, keeping away from goings-on at the Propaganda Ministry.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 29, 1943
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

(111998)

GERMANY

rpt April 2, 1945

PAIDINSKI, Lt. General

Has recently been promoted from major general.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1945
Press Survey

(11098)

BR FU-276

C

GEIMANT

RAINISCH,

(1 098)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

UNITED STATES

DAHR, HERBERT KARL FRIEDRICH

Seized by FBI aboard Drottningholm July 19, 1942, New York; linked with Nazi espionage conspiracy which includes several Axis agents in foreign countries: Karl Bauer, alias Ray, Max Buchholtz, Dr 'Otto' Baum, all of Germany; Sindt (Lindt) in Zurich, Switzerland, Don Julio Rubio in Madrid, Spain; Alfredo Ney, in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil; Ivante Wennberg in Stockholm, Sweden; C. J. Saradaki in Istanbul, Turkey.

Washington Times Herald, August 1, 1942
New York Times, August 2, 1942

Testimony on his fake escape story given at trial in Newark.
Article in Washington Evening Star, August 18, 1942
(90) In Cottrell file

OVER

Long statement made by Bahr to FBI agents names Bauer, Baum, and Buchholz as those who launched him on his return to U.S. as a spy; but because of Pearl Harbor the Gestapo decided to put him under the cover of the name of Richard Danann; other five names above represent "mail drops" to which Bahr was suppose to send the information he obtained (on all these names see 7-16 under the countries indicated).

New York Times, August 20, 1942

U.S. Judge Smith sentenced Bahr to 30 years as German spy
Baltimore Sun, 9/3/42

Bahr announced that he would not appeal his conviction, saying that while he may have acted foolishly he is loyal to the U.S.

New York Times, September 9, 1942

3-320

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

IRAQ

SUB: GERMANY

BAHRI, UNIS

A newspaper publisher from Mosul; had charge of the local Boy Scouts and taught them the German goose step as he had learned it in Berlin; had been employed to do the Berlin broadcasts to Iraq; was there imbued with Nazi ideals.

Interview with Dr. Staudt

March 26, 1942

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

PRIMARY SEE: IRAQ

BAHRI, YUNIS

Able Iraqi announcer of the Zeesen station; 38; has travelled in Europe, Asia, America; formerly interested in journalism; was connected with Al-Ugab; edited several periodicals among which were Kuwait and Iraq and Right and Islam; most successful of Arab broadcasters; has ability to capture imagination of his audience; his programs said to have had influence on Iraq coup of 1941.

Fuller,

^ 'Pro-Axis Arab Leaders in Europe' by ~~Anne Fuller~~, May 12, 1942
~~Filed in Henry Field's office.~~

B-767

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GURHAN, BERLIN

BABE, TUNIS

Broadcasts to Iraq in Iraqi dialects

Interview with Jacob S. Mukamal

June 27, 1942.

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

BAHRI, YUNIS

A disgruntled Baghdad newspaperman with a fine delivery; broadcasts to the Moslem countries over the Berlin station, using material prepared by Fräulein Kruss (see Turkey).

C.L. Sulzberger, "German Preparations in the Middle East", Foreign Affairs, July 1942

NY-54

7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY
H. HOFF

BAHRI,

Works with the Nazis and used to broadcast for them from Berlin, but is no longer heard on the air; source was told in Iraq that Bahri has been made a "Minister" in Italy; is utterly corrupt and would work for anybody who paid him well; his wife and child are in Iraq.

Interview with Dr. Hans Hoff (U.S.)

Sept. 30, 1942

0-2117

S-1

GERMANY

rpt January 5, 1943

BAHRI, YUNUS (document: BACHRI)

Officially in charge of all Arabic broadcasts; works in Berlin, directing broadcasts to Iran, Iraq, and Syria in accordance with reports from Turkey / is also the intermediary for all Arab refugees in Axis countries / was originally with Hadji Amin el HUSAINI (ITALY), the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem, and now sends Husaini 5000 LP monthly.

Reliability untested

B, Tehran, January 5, 1943

(11098)

January 1, 1943

GERMANY

BAIER, Lt. General

His promotion from Major General
to Lt. General effective January
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

TUNISIA

rpt April 10, 1943

BAIERLEIN, Major General

On ROMMEL's staff; according the the clandestine radio,
'Atlantik', he, Rommel, and KESSELRING (ITALY) are conferring
in Italy.

Washington Times Herald, April 10, 1943
Press Survey File

121098

1-251

S

rpt June 3, 1942

GERMANY

FAISSAN

Of Berlin; doctor of medicine; one of a group of Azerbaijan emigrants whose aim is to create a new national life in Azerbaijan.

M. VEKILLI, Istanbul, June 3, 1942, to Mr. SCHMIDT-DUMONT (q.v.
TURKEY)

(11598)

January 1, 1943

GERMANY

BALCK, Lt. General

His promotion from Major General
to Lt. General effective January
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

F

GERMANY

rpt March 7, 1943

BALCK, Lt. General HEERMANN

Has been decorated with the Oak Leaf with Swords of the Knight's
Cross of the Iron Cross.

Berlin, March 6, 1943

Pariser Zeitung, March 7, 1943

BR FU.204
(7038)

GERMANY

BALCK, HERMANN

(1098)

R

GERMANY

rpt May 21, 1943

BALZAR, Major

Radio commentator broadcasting in German to Germans at home; see
~~see documentation~~ Mario de ANDRADE.

FCC, IP, May 21, 1943

(11098)

GERMANY

April 1, 1943

BAILLER, Lt. General

His promotion from maj. general was effective April 1, 1943.

State Department plain cable, Bern, April 30, 1943

1110981

CID 18458

REFERENCE CARD

7-10

GERMANY (See RUSSIA, UKRAINE)

BANDERA, STEPAN

Ukrainian; assuming leadership of the Nationalists in the Ukraine, on June 30, 1941 proclaimed in broadcast from Lwow the establishment of an independent and sovereign Ukraine, naming himself as President; then arrested by Germans and deported to Germany; mentioned in article Jan. 3, 1942 in Nash Klych (Ukrainian nationalist newspaper in Buenos Aires) as a rival, to be ignored, of Andrey Melnik (see 7-16, ITALY). [so perhaps now given some freedom of action by the Germans as counterweight to Melnik at Rome].

J. E. Hoover to W. J. Donovan, July 11, 1942

11679-209

GERMANY

rpt February 1941

RANG, Dr. PAUL

Leader of Pan-Germans; member of Reichstag / born in 1897; seems younger than his age; was a great friend of YUGENBERG; considered himself a financial expert and had a number of financial schemes / fanatic enemy of Republic; a monarchist at heart; began his career in Saxon Government; resigned in 1919, as he was honest enough to fight Republic openly rather than remain in its pay and work against it secretly as many others did / as one of the official leaders of 'Alldeutsche Verband', the 19th Century forerunner of Nazi Party, he was allowed to continue as a member of Reichstag when Nazis assumed power / source feels his monarchist leanings will prevent his ever playing an important role in the Nazi set-up.

**CSS, New York, Sigrid Schults, February 19, 1943
(Source left Germany in February 1941)**

GERMANY

rpt December 20, 1942

BANGERT, Gaubmann

Of Düsseldorf / wrote an article in Wirtschaftspolitische
Blätter of December 20, 1942, in which he treated of workers'
behavior toward foreign workers within the Reich.

News Digest, January 25, 1943

(11098)

GERMANY

rpt January 12, 1943

REI NEMANN, Gauobmann

Represented LEY and the Reich Minister for Armaments at a
works rally of a Lubeck works.

Lübecker Zeitung, January 12, 1943
News Digest, January 25, 1943

0-4219

S

GERMANY

to September 1942

BANHA, MATHLAS

Banker from Berlin / approached source in Zurich in the summer of 1941 in regard to finding Swiss capital to invest in drilling machinery for the development of the Hohen Tauern oil fields in Austria; until September 1942 his efforts were unsuccessful.

Petrol industrialist, reliability unknown
B, Istanbul, March 7, 1943

(11098)

0-4548

S-1

GERMANY

rpt c. August 20, 1942

BANSA, MATTHIAS

Was in charge of the following transaction: The Swiss Allgemeine Treuhand Gesellschaft has received from Germany for sale in Switzerland modern paintings valued at about 500,000 Swiss francs.

Businessman dealing with German commercialists, reliability unknown,
Zurich, July and August 1942
B, Jerusalem, March 7, 1943

(11098)

CID 10658-F

GERMANY

1931

BANSE, E.

Widely publicized in United States for his sensational advocacy of bacterial warfare; Germany's foremost 'strategist of terror' / a radical reactionary as well as independent military and political theorist / this book, The Role of Geography and People in The World War, published in 1931, created a sensation all over the world and accurately forecast present technique of German psychological warfare on both military and home fronts; he maintained that geography (space) and psychology (people) are more important in modern warfare than traditional military science; he advocated propaganda in order to attack an enemy in its weak spots, convince it that it was being misled by its own government and thus break down its resistance / as the Nazis considered this publication untimely, they withdrew it from sale and called it 'the senseless babblings of an armchair strategist', but they nevertheless appointed Banse as the Professor of (over)

(11098)

- 2 -

1931

GERMANY

BANSE, E.

Military Science at the Brunswick Institute of Technology where many German pilots are trained / though he may not be directly connected with German High Command, this book is a mirror of their guiding ideas: it has been republished by Harcourt Brace.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,
New York, September 1941, pp. 3, 46, 67, 105